Todwick Primary School

Health & Safety Policy September 2023

Approved and adopted by the Governing Body

Review Date: September 2023

Member of staff responsible: Head Teacher

Reviewed by School Governor: Chair of Governors

This is the Health and Safety Policy Statement of

Todwick Primary School

Our statement of general policy is:

- to make adequate arrangements for the health, safety and welfare of the staff and pupils;
- to provide adequate control of the health and safety risks arising from our work activities;
- to consult with our employees on matters affecting their health and safety;
- to provide and maintain safe plant and equipment;
- to ensure safe handling and use of substances;
- to provide information, instruction, and supervision for employees;
- to ensure all employees are competent to do their tasks, and to give them adequate training;
- to prevent accidents and cases of work-related ill health;
- to maintain safe and healthy working conditions; and
- to review and revise this policy as necessary at regular intervals.

Signed:	J Ibbotson	Head Teacher Chair of Governors			
Date: September 2022					
Review date	e: September 2023				

RESPONSIBILITIES

Overall and final responsibility for health and safety is that of

Alice Deeley
John Ibbotson

Insert the name of the Head Teacher and/or the Chair of Governors, or the Governor with responsibility for health and safety.

Day to day responsibility for ensuring this policy is put into practice is delegated to

Donna Anderson / Mark Haywood

If the Head Teacher is not always there, or does not have time to manage on a day to day basis, you can delegate this role to someone else, e.g. Deputy Head Teacher, Head of Year, Premises Officer etc. Ensure that the person with overall responsibility is kept informed of health and safety matters — it will still be their overall responsibility

To ensure health and safety standards are maintained/improved, the following people have responsibility in the following areas

Name Responsibility
Mark Haywood Security arrangements

Security arrangements
Door and window locking
Window blinds

Window blinds
Perimeter security

Name Responsibility

Mark Haywood Routine premises inspections

and reports to HT

Name Responsibility

Tracy Radford First Aid Equipment
Pupil care plans

Delegate functions to people within your organisation either by specific areas within the workplace or by topic. Include their specific responsibilities in their job descriptions (if they have one).

Ensure that they are competent to undertake their health and safety responsibilities and have adequate resources to enable them to do their job properly.

It is important that responsibilities are clearly set out – this will make sure that if there are any health and safety concerns they can be reported to the right person, so they can be dealt with.

You may wish to insert a

diagram or chart showing your management structure/arrangements.

All employees have to:

- co-operate with supervisors and managers on health and safety matters;
- not interfere with anything provided to safeguard their health and safety;
- take reasonable care of their own health and safety; and
- report all health and safety concerns to an appropriate person (as detailed in this policy statement).

Employees have legal responsibilities to take care of and the health and safety of themselves and others, and to co-operate with management to help comply with the law.

Equally, if employees have any concerns over health and safety issues, they should be clear about whom they should tell, so that concerns can be addressed.

HEALTH AND SAFETY RISKS ARISING FROM OUR WORK ACTIVITIES

Risk assessments will be <u>Note</u> undertaken by

Head Teacher Subject leaders Class teachers Care taker

The findings of the risk assessments will be reported to

Head teacher /governors

Action required to remove/control risks will be approved by

Head teacher Care taker

Premises manager

will be responsible for ensuring the action required is implemented.

Head teacher Governors

will check that the implemented actions have removed/reduced the risks

Assessments will be reviewed

as dated

or when the work activity changes, whichever is soonest.

You must assess risks to the health and safety of anyone who may be affected by your work activities, so that you can weigh up whether you have done enough or need to do more to comply with the law.

You will find some examples of key areas that you should consider, at the end of this guidance.

You will need to involve a number of different people including your safety representatives and employees, to do the risk assessments.

You will need to record the significant findings of your risk assessments in a separate document. Your policy records your statement only ensuring arrangements for the assessments are done, and are kept up to date.

Once you have done your risk assessments, you must take the necessary action to remove or reduce the risk as far as is reasonably practicable.

You can find more guidance in HSE's free leaflets Five steps to risk assessment INDG163 (rev1) 1998 and A guide to risk assessment requirements: Common provisions in health and safety law INDG218 1996.

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CONSULTATION WITH EMPLOYEES

Employee Representative(s) are	<u>Note</u>
Donna Anderson	You must consult your employees.
	If you recognise a trade union and that trade union has appointed a safety representative, you must consult them on matters affecting the employees they represent.
	If you do not have trade unions, you must consult employees, either directly or through an elected representative.
Consultation with employees is provided by	You may to use your works committee or another meeting as a forum for consultation.
	If you have a health and safety committee, you could list what it does, who is on it and how often it meets

SAFE PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Caretaker

<u>Note</u>

will be responsible for identifying all equipment/plant needing maintenance.

Caretaker

will be responsible for ensuring effective maintenance procedures are drawn up.

You will need to ensure that all plant and equipment (e.g. ladders, electrical equipment, machinery guarding) that requires maintenance (e.g. checks, servicing, thorough examinations) is identified and that the maintenance is done.

It may be worthwhile using a logbook to record the maintenance checks.

Head Teacher

will be responsible for ensuring that all identified maintenance is implemented.

Any problems found with plant/equipment should be reported to

Donna Anderson or Head Teacher

Head Teacher

will check that new plant and equipment meets health and safety standards before it is purchased When buying new or second hand plant and equipment, you must check it meets health and safety standards before buying it.

You can find more guidance in HSE's publication Buying new machinery INDG271 1998

SAFE HANDLING AND USE OF SUBSTANCES

Caretaker

<u>Note</u>

will be responsible for identifying all substances which need a COSHH assessment.

You must assess the risks from all substances hazardous to health. These are known as Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) assessments.

Caretaker

will be responsible for undertaking COSHH assessments.

Head Teacher

will be responsible for ensuring that all actions identified in the assessments are implemented.

Head Teacher

will be responsible for ensuring that all relevant employees are informed about COSHH assessments.

Caretaker

will check that new substances can be used safely before they are purchased.

Assessments will be reviewed every

year

or when the work activity changes, whichever is soonest.

You should do assessments on all substances you use (e.g. adhesives, paints, cleaning agents, solvents) and substances generated from work activities (e.g. dust, fume, vapour)

Your assessment should identify any health risks. If there is a risk you should take steps to remove or control the risk.

You can find more guidance in HSE's COSHH: A brief guide to the regulations INDG 136 (rev1) 1999 (free); COSHH essentials: Easy steps to control chemicals HSG193 1999 ISBN 0 7176 2421 8 and the General COSHH Approved Code of Practice, Carcinogens ACOP and Biological Agents ACOP L5 1999 ISBN 0 7176 1670 3.

INFORMATION, INSTRUCTION AND SUPERVISION

The Health and Safety Law poster is Note displayed at/

Main entrance

The Health and Safety Information for Employees Regulations 1989 require employers to display a poster (or to provide leaflets) telling employees what they need to know about health and safety.

Health and safety advice is available from

You are required to have access to competent advice, either in house or, if not available, external.

Admin office and Head Teacher

Supervision of young workers/trainees will be arranged/undertaken/monitored by

Mentors

Head Teacher

is responsible for ensuring that our employees working at locations under the control of other employers, are given relevant health and safety information.

If you have young workers and/or take on trainees or students on work experience, you will need to ensure that they are properly instructed and supervised.

You must also do specific risk assessments for young people – you need to take account of their inexperience, lack of awareness of risks and immaturity.

If your employees go to work for another employer on your behalf you will need to check that they are given relevant health and safety information for that location by that employer/company.

COMPETENCY FOR TASKS AND TRAINING

Induction training will be provided Note for all employees by

A member of SLT	All employees must be given health	
Job specific training will be provided by	and safety induction training when they start work. This can be combined with other useful information (e.g. pay, leave and hours of work). It needs to cover basic health and safety such as first aid and fire safety.	
SLT or line manager	 Employees will need job-specific	
Specific jobs requiring special training are	training, which includes the health and safety aspects of the job.	
TAs		
SMSAs	You also have to provide health and safety training for people when risks change, or periodically, e.g. if skills do not get used regularly.	
	Some jobs will require additional special training (e.g. manual handling, driving etc.)	
Training records are kept at/by	You may wish to refer to your school development plan. It is important to	
Head Teacher	keep records of training (even training you have provided in-house) to show that employees have received training.	
Training will be identified, arranged and monitored by	You should monitor the training records, so that refresher training is given when necessary.	
Head Teacher / SLT		

ACCIDENTS, FIRST AID AND WORK-RELATED ILL HEALTH

Health surveillance is required for <u>Note</u> employees doing the following jobs

Buildings / contractors' work /repairs

Employees must receive health surveillance for certain work (e.g. work with lead, chrome, asbestos, noise, isocyanates and some chemicals).

Health surveillance will be arranged by

Head Teacher / Caretaker

This will identify any health problems early on so that action can be taken before an employee's condition worsens.

Your COSHH assessments should identify all areas and the type of health surveillance needed.

Health surveillance records will be kept by/at

Head Teacher

The first aid box(es) is/are kept at

School Entrance foyer/ disabled bathroom

The appointed person(s)/first aider(s) is/are

Tracy Radford/Donna Anderson

All accidents and cases of work-related ill health are to be recorded in the accident book. The book is kept by/at

Admin office

The following person is responsible for reporting accidents, diseases and dangerous occurrences to the RMBC Health and Safety section.

Your records should contain details of the employees, the health surveillance procedures, dates and conclusions. The health care professional doing the surveillance will hold the actual medical records as these are confidential.

Providing immediate first aid can prevent minor injuries becoming major ones.

As a minimum you must have a first aid box and an appointed person to take charge of first aid requirements. You can find more information in HSE's free leaflets First aid at work – your questions answered INDG214 1997 and Basic advice on first aid at work INDG215 (rev) 1997.

Recording accidents (even minor ones) means you can see whether you have a problem in a particular area

You must report accidents to the Health & Safety Section of RMBC. Follow the procedures outlined in your accident book.

Head Teacher

MONITORING

To check our working conditions, and ensure our safe working practices are being followed, we will

Report urgent matters immediately either to D. Anderson or Head Teacher

Record issues for caretaker in a log book kept in admin office

Carry out monthly caretaker premises inspections and complete a written report to Head Teacher Annual Governor H&S checks

Work with Premises manager and governors on H & S matters

Carry out annual fire audit

Maintain health and safety action plans

is responsible for investigating accidents.

D. Anderson / Head Teacher/caretaker

is responsible for investigating work-related causes of sickness absences

D Anderson / Head Teacher

is responsible for acting on investigation findings to prevent a recurrence

<u>Note</u>

You must be able to show that you are checking working conditions and systems of work, i.e. that you are monitoring health and safety.

You can do this both actively and reactively, i.e. before and after something goes wrong.

Actively - you or other appointed person can carry out inspections, have reports submitted to you by managers, do spot check visits, safety representative inspections, etc.

Trade union safety reps have the right to carry out inspections and investigate accidents.

Reactively – you can investigate any accidents or sickness absences that occur.

Investigating accidents is a useful way of reviewing your safety systems – ask yourself why the accident really happened and what you can do to stop it happening again.

Similarly, if you have a number of employees absent because of similar ailments, this might mean there is a problem with their jobs causing ill health.

When you find out what went wrong – put it right.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES – FIRE AND EVACUATION

Head Teacher

Note

is responsible for ensuring the fire risk assessment is undertaken and implemented.

Escape routes are checked by/every

You must carry out fire risk assessments, in the same way as you do for health and safety risk assessments.

Caretaker daily

Fire extinguishers are maintained and checked by/every

South Yorkshire Fire + Rescue

For escape routes, extinguishers and alarms, you should state who checks, how often and also where they are based.

Alarms are tested by/every

week / caretaker

You need a routine in case of fire or emergency evacuation. You should test your alarms and emergency evacuation procedures regularly.

Emergency evacuation will be tested every

Month

The Security Co-ordinator is

Caretaker

RMBC runs a number of courses for Security and Deputy Security Coordinators. For further details contact David Moss on 01709 822536.

The Deputy Security Co-ordinator is

Head Teacher

SOME KEY AREAS OF RISK

- Asbestos
- Chemicals
- Confined Spaces
- Display Screen Equipment (VDUs)
- Electricity
- Excavation
- Falling objects/collapsing structures
- Fire and Explosion
- Machinery (including guarding)
- Manual Handling
- Noise
- Pressure Systems
- Radiation
- Slips, trips and falls

- Stress
- Substances hazardous to health (including dust, fume, etc.)
- Temperatures
- Transport
- Vibration
- Violence to staff
- Work equipment
- Work-related upper limb disorders
- Working alone
- Working at heights
- Working environment

These are just some examples of key areas; this is not an exhaustive list. Look around your school to identify other risk areas. If any risks apply to your work activities, you will need to do risk assessments to check that you have removed or reduced the risk.

FURTHER GUIDANCE

The following guidance booklets are available from the contact below:

- Five Steps to Risk Assessment
- A guide to Risk Assessment requirements
- Buying new machinery
- COSHH
- First Aid at Work
- Consulting employees on health and safety

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further advice on completing this health and safety policy document is available from:

Dean Fenton
Principal Officer – Risk Management
Rotherham Metropolitan Borough Council
Children and Young People's Services
Norfolk House
Walker Place
Rotherham S65 1AS

Telephone: 01709 822536

Email: dean.fenton@rotherham.gov.uk